Claims

- 1. A method for isolating ingredients from biological material, comprising the steps of:
- a) electroporating the biological material,
- b) separating off cell juice fro m the electroporated biological material,
- c) extracting the biological material, and
- d) obtaining the ingredients of the biological cell material in the cell juice and in the extract.
- 2. The method as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the biological material in step a) is subjected to a high-voltage field in a conductive medium.
- 3. The method as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that, in step b), the separation of the cell juice from the biological material is effected by means of mechanical loading, preferably by means of tumbling.
- 4. The method as claimed in claim 3, wherein the mechanical loading of the biological material is always less than 2 MPa.
- 5. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that step b) takes place in a screw, preferably in a full screw.
- 6. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that, in step b), the biological material is supplied with auxiliary substances, preferably lime and/or milk of lime.
- 7. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that step c) is carried out at a temperature of from 0 to 65°C, preferably of from 45 to 60°C.
- 8. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that step c) comprises an alkaline extraction.

- 9. The method as claimed in one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the biological material comprises sugar beet (*Beta vulgaris*) and/or sugar beet chips.
- 10. A device for isolating ingredients from biological material, in particular as per as claimed in one of claims 1 to 9, exhibiting: at least one appliance for electroporating the biological material (1) as well as at least one full screw (5) for receiving the electroporated biological material.
- 11. The device as claimed in claim 10, characterized in that the at least one full screw (5), preferably its outer jacket and/or its screw threads, is perforated, in particular for the purpose of conducting away the cell juice which has been separated off from the biological material.
- 12. The device as claimed in claim 10 or 11, characterized in that the at least one full screw (5) is designed as a conveyor screw and the section of the screw which is designed for receiving the electroporated biological material is formed at a lower point, and the section of the screw which is designed for releasing the conveyed biological material is formed at an upper point, of a gradient which exists between these sections.
- 13. The device as claimed in one of claims 10 to 12, characterized in that an extractor (8) for extracting the biological material is additionally present.
- 14. The device as claimed in one of claims 10 to 13, characterized in that at least one metering device (6) for metering auxiliary substances is additionally present.